



Price 3d.]

EDINBURGH,

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23. 1786.

BERWICKSHIRE, SEPT. 18. 1786.

WHEREAS on the Night of Saturday

the 9th instant, a House, in the village of Home, was broken into, and various articles carried off; and the possessor thereof, an old man and woman, much misused and hurt: And whereas, on preconviction taken it does appear, that the said housebreaking was committed by two persons whose names are at present unknown, but of whose appearance a description is hereto subjoined. There are, therefore, requesting of all Magistrates, that they will instruct their officers to apprehend any person answering such description; and that on such persons being brought before them, they will commit them, and give notice thereof by letter, addressed to the Sheriff of Berwickshire, at the Sheriff Clerk's Office in Dunfermline; and a Reward of Five Guineas, to be paid by the said Sheriff, is hereby offered to any one who will give information of the said persons, so as that either of them may be apprehended and brought to justice.

They are both young men, the one rather tall, of a lathy slender make, especially in the arms, and in the legs, which have hardly any hair; has a slouch forward with his shoulders, and a down look, as also a side-way cast with his eyes, is of a swarthy complexion, and thin faced, has black hair even-down hair; he plays on the fiddle and on the Irish pipe; and, at last St James's Fair, by Kelso, was seen attending as a piper on a show. He is of a foppish appearance, and fond of showing his agility as a dancer. He wore, when he was last seen, a round hat, a whitish, or drab-coloured cloth coat, with white figured buttons, vest of the same colour, with a green lining, and green lappel, or elfe turned back at the breast, brown breeches thread bare, grey worsted stockings, and large white buckles broad between the rims. He has been sometimes seen riding on a small pycalled pony.

The other man is not so tall, but broader, and better built both in limbs and body. fresh complexioned, and wore a cloth coat of a greyish mixture.—Both spoke English.

ARTICLES STOLEN.

A silver watch, large, with a silver dial-plate, somewhat loose in the outer case, with a coarse chain, fastened to the watch by a bent pin instead of a swivel; two plain mullin cravats; two pair ribbed blue worsted riding hose; mittens of the same; four new shirts very coarse, made of tow; two silk coloured handkerchiefs, one checked with a dark ground, the other with white and yellow spots on a reddish ground; three lawn women's handkerchiefs, with striped borders; one large linen ditto eiked in the middle; two cotton handkerchiefs checked, one red and white, the other blue and white; two cotton aprons; 24 women's linen caps bordered with lawn; several books, Bolton's Sermons; the Lady's Library; Percy's best Thoughts.

STOLEN.

SHERIFF CLERK'S OFFICE, EDINBURGH, SEPTEMBER 21. 1786.

WHEREAS of late, various Acts of Theft have been committed in and about Leith; and in particular, last night, the following articles were stolen and carried off from a garden adjoining to a house fronting the Links of Leith, viz.

- A strip Russia Tweed Petticoat,
- A Linen Frock,
- A Dimity Petticoat for a child,
- A Boy's Shirt, with a Cambric Ruffle round the neck and breast,
- A Pair of Thread Stockings,
- A Pair of Cotton ditto,
- A checked Apron,
- Four coarse Linen Men's Shirts, marked D. C.
- A Night Gown,—and
- A Screen for drying cloaths.

Whoever will, within three months from this date, give such information to William Scott, Procurator Fiscal for this county, as shall lead to a discovery of the person or persons who committed said theft, shall, upon conviction of the offender or offenders, receive a reward of Five Guineas, and the informer's name, if required, concealed.

Saddle-Bags Missing.

A PAIR of SADDLE-BAGS LOST betwixt Dundee and the New Inn in Fife, upon Friday the 8th current, containing two packets of Eight Hundred Pounds each, in bank-notes, and sundry other articles. There are offering a Reward of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS to any person who will restore the Bags, with their contents entire, or give such information as to make a discovery thereof; to be paid by Mr Robert Jamieson, writer to the signet, at Edinburgh; Mr Robert Jobson at Dundee; or Mr Alexander Simpson, cashier to the Aberdeen Banking Company.

N. B. The number of the Notes are taken, and the payment stopped at the different Banks. If any person, after this advertisement, should be apprehended having the above in their custody, they will be prosecuted according to law.

Inverkeith, Sept. 18. 1786.

A Meeting of Heritors and Elders

held here this day, it was resolved to appoint proper persons to apprehend all VAGRANTS and BEGGARS, who are found within the bounds of this parish, and to treat them as the law directs.—This is therefore to give notice, that if any such persons are seen in any of the towns of Muirfield, and Filmerrow, or Inverkeith, or in any part of this parish, after the 1st day of October next, they will certainly be taken up, and confined according to law.

County of Kincardine.

THE Freeholders of the County are requested to attend the Michaelmas Meeting to be held at Stonehaven, on Tuesday the 3d October next, to take into consideration the proposals, formerly advertised, respecting Turnpikes; and also a letter the Convener has received from the Solicitor General of Scotland, as Prefes of a meeting of Freeholders held at Edinburgh on the 10th August last, proposing an alteration of the present laws regulating the importation of grain, &c.

By order of Robert Barclay Allardice, Esq; of Urie, Convener, PAT. FORSYTH, Clerk.

ON the 7th of September, the Public

Schools of PEEBLES were examined, in presence of the Magistrates, a Committee of the Presbytery, and other Gentlemen of learning. The Grammar School, under the care of Mr Oman, in their different exercises, gave the most satisfactory proofs of the abilities and attention of the master, and of their being carefully and well-instructed in the learned Languages.—The ENGLISH SCHOOL also, taught by Mr GRAY, showed a knowledge of the principles of English Grammar, and read with a propriety seldom to be met with.

These Schools convene on Monday the 16th of October. Mr OMAN has good accommodation for Boarders, on the most reasonable terms. And the utmost attention to their diet, morals, and education, may be depended on.

(Signed) WILLIAM DALGLIESH, Moderator.

House and Ground at Hope-Park.

TO BE SOLD. THE HOUSE, Stable, and Coach-house, with two acres of ground at Hope-park, belonging to Mr Riddell.—To be seen any day betwixt twelve and three o'clock.

For particulars, apply to the proprietor, or to Mr Erskine clerk to the signet.

LOST,

On Thursday last, the 1st instant, between the Fleethmarket Close and Parliament Square,

A SMALL NEEDLE BOOK, containing in the pocket a bill for 33 l. Sterling, payable in February 1787, and some other papers.

As payment of the bill is stopped, it can be of use to none but the proprietor. Whoever has found the same, and returns it to the publisher of this Paper, will be handsomely rewarded.

LOST, ON WEDNESDAY LAST,

A Black and White Pointer Dog; one ear entirely black; remarkable thick head and neck for a Pointer; very lame in the right shoulder; answers to the name of DON; has a long tail, and black spot at the root of the tail, and had a plain leather collar on.

The Person who brings the above dog to Dunn's Hotel shall be handsomely rewarded.

Money to Lend at Martinmas.

A SUM of L. 6000, and four sums of L. 2000 each, upon reputable security.

Apply to Mr Robert Trotter writer to the signet.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN bred in a Grocery Shop, to go to America, that can be well recommended. Apply to Alexander Mowbray merchant, at his house, opposite the foot of Fifth-market Close, Cowgate, Edinburgh. Not to be repeated.

GOLFING AT ST ANDREWS.

THE SILVER CLUB is to be played for on Wednesday the 4th day of October next. There is to be a Ball, as usual on Friday the 6th.

September 1. 1786.

THE following New Books and New

Editions have been published since the commencement of the present year, by J. JOHNSON, No. 72, St Paul's Church Yard.

HISTORY AND BELLES LETTRES.

1. A History of Wales. By the Rev. W. Warrington. Quarto, Price 1l. 1s. in Boards.
2. Captain Drinkwater's History of the Siege of Gibraltar, 4to, 2d Edition, with many Plates, 1l. 11s. 6d. in Boards.
3. The History of Vathek; an Arabian Tale: from an unpublished Manuscript, with Notes Critical and Explanatory. Small Octavo, 4s. in Boards.—A few on large Paper, 6s. in Boards.
4. Poems by W. Cowper, Esq; including the Task, Two Vols. Small Octavo, 8s. 6d. 2d Edition.
5. Letters and Poems, by the late Mr Henderson; with his Life. By J. Ireland; Small Octavo, 4s. 6d.
6. Elfrida; or Paternal Ambition; a Novel. Three Vols. 7s. 6d. 2d Edition.
7. The Tour of Valentine. Small Octavo, 3s. 6d.

THE SCIENCES.

8. ENCYCLOPEDIA; or, The Diversions of Parley. By John Horne Cooke, A. M. Octavo, 7s. in Boards.
9. An Introduction to Astronomy; in a Series of Letters from a Preceptor to his Pupil; in which the most useful and interesting parts of the Science are clearly and familiarly explained. By John Bonnyycastle, of the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich. With a Frontispiece by Sherwin, and Twenty Copperplates, 8vo. 7s. in Boards.
10. The Present Practice of Surgery, By R. White, M. D. Octavo, 6s. in Boards.
11. An Essay on Preternatural Labours. By T. Denman, M. D. 5s.
12. An Essay on Natural Labours, by the same; 2s.
13. Medical Reports of the Effects of Arsenic in the Cure of Agues, Fevers, and Head-achs. By T. Fowler, M. D. 3s.
14. Practical Observations on Venereal Complaints. By E. Swediaur, M. D. 2d Edition, 3s. 6d.
15. A Treatise on Cancers, with a new Method of Operating. By H. Fearson, Surgeon; 2d Edit. Price 2s. 6d.
16. A Manual of Chemistry; from the French of M. Beaume. By J. Aikin, M. D. A new Edition, with Corrections, and additional Notes, 3s. 6d. in Boards.
17. Experiments and Observations relating to various Branches of Natural Philosophy, with a Continuation of the Observations on Air, vol. III.; being the Sixth Volume of the Author's Experiments. By J. Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. 6s. in Boards.

DIVINITY.

18. An History of Early Opinions concerning Jesus Christ compiled from Original Writers, proving that the Christian Church was at first Unitarian. By J. Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. In Four Vols. Octavo, 1l. 4s. in Boards.
19. The Importance and Extent of Free Inquiry in Matters of Religion. By the same. 1s. 6d.
20. Letters to Dr Hordley, Part III. By the same. 1s. 6d.
21. Letters to the Jews. By the same. 1s.
22. The Theological Repository, Vol. V. By the same. 6s. 6d. in Boards.
23. Sermons on Prayer, on the Articles, on the Ten Commandments, and on the Lord's Supper. By S. Ogden, D. D. Third Edition. 2 vols. Small Octavo. 8s. 6d.
24. A Chinese Fragment, on the present State of Religion in England. 5s. 6d.
25. Sunday Schools Recommended. By W. Turner, Jun. 1s.
26. An Essay on Baptism. By J. Toulmin, 1s.
27. Messiah. Fifty Expository Discourses on the Series of Scriptural Passages which form the Subject of the celebrated Oratorio of Handel. Preached in the years 1784 and 1785, in the Parish Church of St Mary Woolnoth, Lombard Street. By John Newton, Rector. Two Vols. Octavo, 10s. 6d. in boards.
28. A Sermon on the Death of Dr Conyers. By the same. 6d.
29. A Sermon on the same Occasion. By T. Scott. 6d.
30. A Discourse on Repentance. By the same. Second Edition. 1s.

For CHILDREN and YOUNG PERSONS.

31. Easy Lessons, a Sequel to the Little Spelling Book for Young Children. By Mrs Trimmer, 6d.
32. Fabulous Histories, teaching the proper Treatment of Animals. By the same. Second Edition, 2s.
33. The Servants Friend; intended to enforce the Instructions given at Sunday and other Charity Schools. By the same. 9d.
34. An Introduction to the Bible. New Edition. 1s.
35. The Rudiments of English Grammar. By Joseph Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. A new Edition, 1s. 6d.
36. An Introduction to Spelling and Reading, on an Improved Plan. By the Rev. J. Hewlett. 1s.

House to Let, Leith Walk.

TO LET Furnished or Unfurnished, and entered to the first of November,

A very agreeable HOUSE nigh the foot of Leith Walk, east side, containing five rooms and a kitchen, with many conveniences. If the tenant chuses, he may be accommodated with stable, chaise-house, washing-house, &c. and also a small inclosure of about two acres and a half.

Not to be repeated.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW.

IN the UNIVERSITY of GLASGOW, the usual Prelections for the ensuing season, will begin at the following terms:

- I. On the 10th of October,
 - Natural Philosophy.
 - Moral Philosophy.
 - Logic and Rhetoric.
- II. On the 1st of November,
 - Divinity.
 - Oriental Languages.
 - History.
 - Law.
 - Medicine, Theory & Practice.

UNIVERSITY OF ST ANDREWS.

ON MONDAY the 23d of October 1786, the several Classes in the United College of St Andrews will be opened, viz.

- The Public and Private Humanity Class, by Prof. HUNTER.
- The Public and Private Greek Class, by Prof. HILL.
- The Classes for Logic and Rhetoric, and for the Practice of Composition, by Prof. BARRON.
- Elocution, by Prof. COOK.
- The Moral Philosophy Class, by Dr. FORREST.
- The Natural Philosophy Class, by Prof. VILANT.
- The First and Second Mathematical Class, by Prof. CLEOHAN.
- The Civil History Class, by Prof. FLINT.
- The Classes for Anatomy and Medicine, by Dr. FLINT.

As Professor HUNTER has now got a house adjoining to the College, such of the young Gentlemen lodging in the College as chuse it, may be entrusted to his care, on reasonable terms.

On Tuesday the 7th of November, the Foundation Bursaries will be disposed of, as usual, by Comparative Trial.

DUNDEE ACADEMY.

AT Dundee, on the second day of October 1786, will be opened, an ACADEMY for the Education of Youth.

This Institution is designed to instruct Young Gentlemen in Mathematical Learning, and the several branches of Science with which it is connected. It is also particularly calculated to prepare the Merchant and Seaman for the business of their respective professions.

The whole course of Study proposed will be conducted in the following order.

- Class I. ARITHMETIC in all its Parts.
- II. BOOK-KEEPING.—Two courses of both will be given each Session.
- III. FIRST CLASS of MATHEMATICS, comprehending the Elements of Euclid, Plane Trigonometry, and Practical Geometry, containing the Elements of Mensuration, Surveying, and Gauging.
- IV. SECOND CLASS of MATHEMATICS, comprehending Algebra, Conic Sections, Spherical Trigonometry, Fluxions, and Geography.
- V. NAVIGATION. Two Courses of it will be given every Session.
- VI. NATURAL PHILOSOPHY and ASTRONOMY. The application of the latter to Navigation will be particularly explained.
- VII. DRAWING and PERSPECTIVE.
- VIII. FRENCH.

The Academy is provided with Instruments for explaining the practical parts of Geometry, Navigation, and Astronomy; and with an Apparatus for illustrating the Principles of Natural Philosophy.

Three Years are judged necessary to pass through all the above Classes; and, during that time, the Students will be employed in the following manner: The first year they will attend the first Course of Arithmetic, the second of Book-keeping, and the first Class of Mathematics; the second year, the second Class of Mathematics and Navigation; and the third year, Natural Philosophy and Astronomy.

French and Drawing may be attended any of the years most convenient for the Students.

The fees paid at entry every Session are, Two Guineas to Mr Weir the Rector, Half-a-Guinea to Mr Ivory the Assistant Master, One Guinea for French, and One Guinea for Drawing and Perspective. Book-keeping and Navigation will be taught to such as learn nothing else, at One Guinea and half each.

Any one of the above Classes may be attended independently of the rest. The above-mentioned fees, however, for French and Drawing, extend only to such as attend the Mathematical Classes at the same time. The fees paid for them per quarter, by such as learn nothing else, being, for French Half-a-Guinea, and for Drawing and Perspective, Half-a-Guinea.

As the Students in every Class proceed together, it is absolutely necessary that they enter immediately at the beginning of the Session.

DANCING.

MISS ROSSIGNOLI begs the liberty to present her most respectful compliments to the Nobility, Gentry, and the Public in general, and informs them, that their generous kindness in encouraging her, has determined her to fix herself in Edinburgh; and as she will always do her utmost endeavours to deserve more and more the continuation of the favours she has been honoured with, by the first Nobility, &c. &c. and for which she returns her most grateful thanks, she humbly hopes for the continuation of them.

Miss Rossignoli's terms are like the other Masters.—Her school is in the new-fitted-up large room, foot of Carrubber's Close; east side; and her dwelling-house in Marquis of Tweeddale's Close, Nether Bow.

NEWSPAPERS.

Warwick-square, Warwick-lane, near St Paul's, LONDON.

AN Office is opened at No. 5, in this square, by W. TAYLER, for the purpose of sending into the country all the London Newspapers, viz. Morning Papers, Evening Papers, Weekly Journals, Gazettes, Votes of the House of Commons, Minutes of both Houses (sent in manuscript every night the House sits), Addresses, King's Speeches, Proclamations, Lloyd's List of Shipping, Weekly Prices of Merchandise, and all the Foreign Gazettes of Paris, Amsterdam, the Hague, Philadelphia, &c. all which will be regularly sent, free of the duty of postage, under privilege of Parliament; to any part of Great Britain, on the most moderate terms.

Clerks attend daily at the office to receive orders, who are employed in sorting the papers after they are made up into packets, previous to their being carried to the General Post Office, by which method disappointments are prevented, and every Newspaper, Gazette, or Vote of Parliament, is punctually forwarded to order.

Gentlemen are respectfully recommended, when they send their orders, to direct to W. Taylor as above, and to appoint payment half-yearly in London, if convenient, as it will save the duty on bills and receipts, as well as postage of letters.

NORWAY THICK TAR.

TO be SOLD by WHITE and FRASER, Queen's-Arrest, Leith, a Cargo of NORWAY TAR for fueling. Also just arrived, a parcel of very fine LEWES HERRINGS, in barrels and firkins.

FIFE HUNT.

THE Autumn Meeting of the Fife Hunt is to begin, at Cupar, on Monday the 16th of October next, by order of the Prefes and Council.

ROBT. STARK, Sec.

To the Public in general,

AND THE LADIES IN PARTICULAR.

ON Monday 25th current, exactly at twelve noon, in Smith's Auction Room, High Street, will be sold by auction, many valuable articles, consisting of choice pieces of Mullin, immediately from the manufacturers; beautiful 5-4th wide Wire Mullin Handkerchiefs; ditto Work'd Mullin Aprons; Silk Gown Pieces; Fur and many other fancy Trimmings; very fine Lawn, plain and work'd; Gold and Silver Lace for trimmings and bathbands, toddlers, &c. with many other valuable goods, which may be viewed before, and at the time of sale, which will continue till all are sold off.

Mr Smith respectfully informs the Public, and particularly the various manufacturers, that he has begun his auction sales, which will continue during the season; the Room open for receiving goods, which will be sold to the best advantage, and on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. He will, on the shortest notice from Town or Country, attend to the appraising of goods of every description; and the utmost facility and attention may be depended upon.

The Sale to continue with candle light.

In the Press, and will be published in a few Days, VOLUME I. OF

A Complete Collection of Styles,

BY THE JURIDICAL SOCIETY.

In Three Volumes Quarto.

Consisting of Heritable Rights, Personal and Moveable Rights, and Signet Letters.

THIS present volume comprehends the heritable styles, and contains the following titles:

1. Deeds regulating the succession of heritable property.
2. Brieves and Services.
3. Alienations to singular successors.
4. Redeemable rights.
5. Conveyances of redeemable rights.
6. Signatures and other grants.
7. Grants by progress from a subject-superior.
8. Completion of real rights by infestment.
9. Extinction of real redeemable rights.
10. Leases, with conveyances and extinctions thereof.

The Juridical Society think it proper to inform the Public, that they had no concern with any former publication of Styles; nor have they with any collection now in the press, or proposed to be published, other than the volume above mentioned.

N. B. The person by whom the above Collection of Styles is to be sold, will be mentioned in a future advertisement.

FOR SALE.

AT the Whale-fishing Company's Warehouse, Aberdeen, on Monday the 2d of October next, at 12 o'clock mid-day,

About Fifty Tons, more or less, of SEAL and WHALE OIL. To be put up in Lots, for the accommodation of buyers.

Cotton and Linen Printing.

A PERSON who has been bred to business, and who can command a moderate stock of cash, &c. at present have a very favourable opportunity of becoming a partner in the Cotton and Linen Printing Business, which may be carried on to great extent.

Every convenience and complete machinery for the business is already in possession. The situation is within a few miles of Edinburgh, in the close neighbourhood of lime and coal, with the command of abundance of water, and several acres of ground properly laid out for the purpose.

What is wanted is a PARTNER who understands the purchasing of cotton and linen cloths, and would manage a wholesale warehouse, and keep accounts.

The situation, as above described, is extremely eligible, and in the present spirit of manufacture in this country, it is apprehended this business might be carried on successfully, and to considerable extent.

Letters addressed to Mr James Bell writer, Edinburgh, will be particularly attended to.

LINLITHGOW

GAME-DUTY.

A LIST of Certificates issued in the County aforesaid, with respect to the said duty, between the first of July and first of August 1786, pursuant to an Act of Parliament granting a duty on such certificates.

- | | |
|---|----------|
| Addison, Charles, Esq; of Woodhead. | L. 2 1 0 |
| Aikison, James, Esq; in Borrowlounness. | 2 2 0 |
| Baillie, William, Esq; of Polkemmet, advocate. | 2 1 0 |
| William Ferguson, his game-keeper. | 0 10 6 |
| Clarkson, Thomas, of Whitehill, Esq; | 2 2 0 |
| Cunninghame, Sir William Augustus, of Livingstone, Baronet. | 2 2 0 |
| Thomas Wilson, his game-keeper. | 0 10 6 |
| Dundas, George, Esq; of Dundas. | 2 2 0 |
| George Mathie, his game-keeper. | 0 10 6 |
| Darham, Thomas, junior, of Boghead, Esq; | 2 2 0 |
| Grinton, Mr Patrick, in Borrowlounness. | 2 1 0 |
| Hopcton, Right Hon. Earl of. | 2 2 0 |
| John Aitken, his game-keeper. | 0 10 6 |
| Jamieson, Mr Alexander, surgeon in Kirkliston. | 2 1 0 |
| Johnston, Alexander, of Straiton, Esq; | 2 1 0 |
| Kennewick, Lieut. Robert, at Linlithgow. | 2 1 0 |
| Marjoribanks, Alexander, of Marjoribanks, Esq; | 2 2 0 |
| Nowell, George, of Boghall, Esq; | 2 1 0 |
| Roebuck, John, Esq; at Dean. | 2 1 0 |
| Shaip, John Paterson, of Kirkcubbin, Esq; | 2 1 0 |
| Shaip, Lieut. Walter, at Hoddington. | 2 1 0 |
| Trotter, Mr James, at Duddingstone. | 2 2 0 |
| Young, Mr John, of Bridgehouse. | 2 2 0 |

(Signed) JAS. TAYLOR, Dep. Sheriff-Clerk. By order of his Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp-Duties.

JOHN BRETTELL, Secretary.

PRICE of STOCKS, SEPT. 19.

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Bank Stock, shut. | India Stock, — |
| 5 per cent. Ann. 114½. | 5 per cent. Ann. shut. |
| 4 per cent. Ann. 117½. | India Bonds paid, — |
| 3 per cent. con. 78 & 77½. | Ditto unpaid, 107 & 108. |
| 3 per cent. red. shut. | India Scrip. 14½ prem. |
| 3 per cent. 1746, — | Navy Bills, 14½ dic. |
| Long Ann. shut. | Exch. Bills, 58 prem. |
| Ditto 1778, — | Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 2 s. |
| South Sea Stock, — | |
| 3 per cent. Old. Ann. — | Bank for open. 17½ |
| Ditto New Ann. — | Consols for Oct. 78½ |
| Ditto 1751, — | |

WIND AT DEAL, SEPT. 18.

THE following Address of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Freeholders, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Supply, and Heritors of the County of Linlithgow, has been presented to the King by the Earl of Hopetoun, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Unto the KING's Most Excellent Majesty, The humble Address of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Freeholders, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Supply, and Heritors of the County of Linlithgow.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Freeholders, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Supply, and Heritors of the County of Linlithgow, beg leave, with the warmest affection, humbly to congratulate your Majesty, and the nation, on your Majesty's happy escape from the late horrid attempt made against your sacred life by the daring hand of infamy; and, in common with our fellow-subjects, to express our joy and our gratitude to Almighty God for the preservation of your Majesty's life, as important as it is dear to us and the nation. We gladly seize this opportunity of repeating the strong sense we have of the blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's government, and of your signal attention to maintain our happy and free constitution. Our fervent prayers to Heaven are, that the enjoyment of those blessings may be long continued to us by the preservation of your Majesty's most precious life, and the prosperity and happiness of your Royal house.

Signed in our name, and by our appointment, at Linlithgow, the 8th of September, 1786.
ROSEBURY, Prefes.

[This Gazette likewise contains 15 more congratulatory addresses.]

War-Office, Sept. 16, 1786.

21st Regiment of dragoons, Francis John Colman, Gent. is appointed to be Cornet, vice Sir William Hanham.

11th Regiment of foot, William S. Grant, Gent. to be Captain, vice James Bellairs.

30th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant James Clark Satterthwaite, of the 40th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Fennell Edwards.

72d Regiment of foot, Brevet-Major Francis Skelly, from the half-pay of the late 71st regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice James Drummond.

George Jeffrey, late a Lieutenant in the 68th regiment, to be Ensign in Captain Charles Terrot's independent company of Invalids at Hull, vice Benjamin Timbury.

LLOYD'S LIST, Sept. 19.

THE Catharine, Cole, arrived in the River, in lat. 47. 11. N. lon. 42. 00. W. spoke the Fortitude, Hunter, from Glasgow to Virginia; out 25 days.

Captain Hebben, of the Harmony, arrived at Dover from St Vincent, on the 6th inst. in lat. 43. 22. lon. 32. 03. W. spoke the Mary, Wilton, for Philadelphia.

The Aid, Storm, arrived at Lancaster, from Memel, lost two anchors and cables in Keyham Lake.

The Phoenix, Laconaire, from Honfleur to Guiney, put into Cowes with loss of anchors and cables.

The Triton, Jones, from Algiers to Guernsey, cut away both her masts the 14th inst. bringing up in Portland Road. Bristol 16th. The Venus, Revencia, from Galipoli to London; the Eliza, Mercer, from Liverpool to New-York; and the Cesar, Bean, from the file of Man to London, with the loss of her bowsprit, are all drove up our Channel into Kinsford, owing to the late from westerly winds.

Portsmouth 15th. The Cadiz Packet, Fisher, from Hull for Lisbon, was last night by violence of winds drove on shore in Stokes T^h, but as yet not received any material damage, and expected will soon get off.

The Swan, Hunter, and Dublin, Ryder, from Liverpool to London, arrived in Studdwell Road.

The James and Mary, Clements, from Cork, lost her anchors and cables in the Downs, and was carried into Ramsgate by the Deal boats.

Liverpool 16. The Castlebrive, Bryan, from hence for the West-Indies, is on shore near Forbury; the William, Joy, from ditto for Wyburg, was well in the Orkneys the 16th ult. the Roebuck, McDowell, from ditto to Charleston, is put into Douglas, Isle of Man; the Jane, Hickson, from ditto to Antigua, and the Aurora, Twed, from ditto to the West-Indies, are put into Ramsey Bay.

The Charlotte, Shepherd, from Barbadoes to London, sprang a leak, and put into Antigua.

Cowes 15th. The Two Brothers, of Marennes, for Dunkirk, went on shore at Chale Bay, and beat to pieces; the Captain and crew saved.

The Tankerville Packet cut away her masts in the Downs the 14th inst.

The Mary, Branford, for Marfilles, is put back to the Downs with loss of anchor and cable.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Sept. 19.

Leghorn, Aug. 10. By accounts from Croatia, we learn, that there was a very smart action last month between the Venetians and the Turks on the frontiers of Dalmatia, said to be occasioned by the refusal of the Turks to sell provisions to the subjects of the Republic, who were in great want of supplies; and thus, pressed by hunger, they assembled to the number of 1000, and endeavoured to force the Turks to sell them provisions at a reasonable rate. This was refused by the Ottomans; and, in short, blows ensued; the consequence of which was, that 800 Turks and 300 Venetians were left dead on the spot; notwithstanding which, the latter lost the battle. The consequences of the above rencontre are not a little feared.

Lisbon, Aug. 8. Verissimo Nogueira died on the 30th of June, at Cederna, in the parish of St Joannes de Godim, in the diocese of Oporto, aged 117 years. He served as a soldier from the age of 17 till he was 37, and was at the battle of Almanza. After having obtained his discharge, he married, had several children, and maintained his family by his own labour, and some little independency which he possessed. He always enjoyed the best state of health, and it is not unlikely that he might have lived some years longer, had it not been for a fall, in which one of his legs was broken in three places, which occasioned his death. He had all his teeth and all his hair, a few of which only were grey, and he enjoyed all his faculties to the last. This old man is a proof that an advanced age is not confined to the northern climates alone.

L O N D O N, Sept. 19.

By accounts received from the German Spa, da-

ted the 8th inst. we learn, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland was in a fair way of recovery from his late dangerous illness.

Yesterday morning, Dowager Lady Ferrers arrived in town from Spa. She left that village the 6th instant; at that time the Duke of Cumberland was in a fair way of recovery. Her Ladyship, soon after her arrival in town, set off with the news of his Highness's health to his Majesty at Windsor.

We have the pleasure to inform the public, that her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia was pronounced yesterday by her physicians to be out of danger.

The Princess Amelia, it is said, very lately told Sir George Baker, who attends her, that she should die this autumn, in the manner, and about the same time, that her father died. His late Majesty died suddenly on the 25th of October, 1760.

The death of her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia, come when it will, cannot but be very severely felt in the neighbourhood where she resides. Her generosity is extended to the poor and needy of all descriptions, and many families will be left without a friend or protector, when it pleases Heaven to remove her Royal Highness from this life.

A morning paper says, that it was yesterday asserted, by a confidential friend of Mr Pitt's, that it was determined in Council that Parliament should not meet till after Christmas.

In the Definitive Treaty of Commerce at present depending between Great Britain and France, some articles are intended to explain the Navigation laws of either country. It is certain, that through the whole of this negotiation, our good friends the French have evinced a very warm affection for our fellow-subjects the Irish, to whose interests, particularly in matters of commerce, they have paid as strict an attention as if they were treating for an ally.

On Saturday morning a messenger was sent from the Marquis of Carmarthen's office with dispatches for Mr Eden, his Majesty's Ambassador.

Yesterday (Sunday) arrived a mail from France. By it we learn, that they were not the Preliminary Articles which are to form the basis of a Treaty between England and France, that were exchanged by the respective Ministers last month, but "reciprocal declarations," as they are termed; which means nothing more than what is known by merchants to be the practices already established in both countries in all commercial concerns.

In Austrian Flanders there have been lately established several iron manufactories. The Emperor has restricted the exportation of iron ore from his dominions, with a view of keeping the manufacture to himself, by preventing others from having the raw materials.

John Wilson, Esq; one of his Majesty's counsel, is appointed a Judge in the court of Common Pleas, in the room of Sir George Nares, deceased.

The account in a morning paper of yesterday, relative to the loss of the Southampton frigate, we are happy to inform the public is not true.

A letter from Malling in Kent, says, that the high wind last Wednesday and Thursday morning did a great deal of damage in their hop-gardens, and large trees were blown up by the roots; all their winter-apples were blown off the trees; several houses were unroofed, and the tops of chimneys thrown down; but they had not heard of any lives being lost, except one man, who was killed by a brick falling on his head.

The Duke of Cumberland Packet from Helvoetsluis, reported to have been lost during the late gales on the coast of Holland, is arrived at Harwich.

Government have taken up 1560 tons of shipping at the small price of 71. per ton, to carry out the convicts to the projected settlement of Botany Bay. They procure the contract at this low price, because the India Company co-operating with Government, take up the shipping when they have completed their engagement, and send them to China for cargoes of tea, at 101. per ton. This makes a very considerable saving also to the Company, and by this mutual compact, the new colony will be annually recruited with our convicts at a moderate expence to the nation.

Government have also made a contract for provisions and stores. The colony is to be furnished with provisions for two years; and each person or couple are to have a proper quantity of materials for building, and for the purposes of agriculture. Under proper direction, they will be enabled to plow, sow, plant, and provide themselves, by their industry, with the means of a comfortable future subsistence.

Mr Semple goes with the new colony; and if that active and enterprising young man can be brought to conform to the scheme, there is no doubt but he would soon make himself a figure of renown in the colony. A considerable body of troops go out with the convicts, to preserve the necessary regulations; and there is some reason to believe, that besides providing a place for our convicts, from which all escape will be impracticable, the settlement may be made otherwise highly beneficial to our Asiatic commerce.

The present administration, it is said, have an object of uncommon magnitude in agitation, which is the settlement of that prodigious tract of country which circumscribes Hudson's Bay.

The entire sum which constitutes the original funds of the Hudson's Bay Company amounts to 10,500 l. sterling; every holder of 100 l. stock has a right of voting, and every one who is possessed of more than 100 l. of the said original stock has as many votes as he has shares or hundreds of pounds. But if a share be divided among several persons, they are entitled all together to no more than one vote. By degrees this society has raised the price of their shares, and lowered that of the commodities of the natives of America, and of the Elkimaux, to such a degree, that the commodities exported from England to Hudson's Bay, will only freight four small ships, which scarcely require 130 sailors to man them, and amount to about 4000 l. reckoning them at prime cost.

These exports consist of muskets, pistols, powder, shot, brass and iron kettles, axes, hatchets, knives,

cloths, blankets, baize, flannels, steel and flints, gun-worms, hats, looking-glasses, fish-hooks, rings, bells, needles, thimbles, glass beads, vermilion, thread, brandy, &c. &c. &c. With these commodities they buy furs, skins, castor, beaver-furs, whalebone, train oil, and eider down, to the amount of more than 120,000 l. sterling. Now this would be at the rate of 25,500 l. for every 1000 l. disbursed by them, or 5,250 l. per cent. But from this we must deduct the duties, the expences of fitting out the ships, the pay of the officers and sailors, the maintenance of the fortifications and factories, and of the people belonging to them; and yet, even then, there remains to the Company a very great profit. The general opinion is, that the proprietors of this stock, who are at present not 90 in number, gain about 2000 per cent.

As for certainty, with respect to this matter, there is none, for the Company transacts all its affairs with the greatest secrecy. Thus much, however, is certain, that no trade in the world is so profitable as this of Hudson's Bay. But on the other hand, it is equally certain, that, as the English nation in no branch of commerce is a greater loser than in this, nothing but the facility of a charter granted by government can protect this commercial company, so very detrimental to the mother country. If the trade was made entirely free and open, more than 50 or 60 ships would go every year to Hudson's Bay; and, instead of 130 sailors, 2500 would be annually maintained, and brought up for the service of the State. These 60 ships would also yearly export to the value of 100,000 or 120,000 l. of wares and English manufactures, which would greatly increase the manufacturing business, and would provide for a considerable number of poor, and give them employment and maintenance.

Add to this, that these North American provinces might also be better peopled, and planted with English colonies. For, were they but removed to the distance of some miles inland from the sea, which is covered with vast quantities of ice, and by this means rendered intensely cold, they would find a more temperate climate; where they might cultivate themselves, in great abundance, all the necessities of life, which at present it is impossible to raise on the shores of Hudson's Bay. This would enable them to establish by degrees, still farther and farther inland settlements and habitations of Europeans.

A correspondent observes, that the old maxim, "Money makes money," cannot be more clearly illustrated than in the opportunity the subscribers to the East-India Company's new stock now have: for by making the full payment on, or before the 28th September next, they will receive a dividend, equal to 54 per cent. per annum; for the sum now remaining to be paid on each 100 l. Stock is 25 l. but if paid on or before that day, a deduction of 1 l. 17 s. 6 d. is to be made from that sum, which is equal to the above capital interest.

On Sunday evening died, in Grosvenor-square, the Right Hon. the Marchioness of Graham. Her Ladyship was daughter of the Earl of Ashburnham.

Died on Sunday, at Stoke, near Bristol, the seat of the Dukes of Beaufort, the Hon. Miss Cavendish, only daughter of Lord George Henry Cavendish.

Died, a few days ago, Walter Smyth, Esq; father to Mrs Fitzherbert.

Letters from Lember, of the 25th ult. inform us, that the noble Calimir Ostroki died a few days before at his seat at Zadenki, in the 126th year of his age. In 1683 he attended, in quality of page, King Sobieski, when that monarch obliged the Turks to raise the siege of Vienna.

The present dispute between the Stadtholder and the Aristocracy of Holland, is a quarrel between two parties for a power to which neither of them is justly entitled. Each of them would engross all the prerogatives of sovereignty within their reach, and would leave the people, the natural sovereigns, in a state of annihilation and slavery. Meanwhile, we cannot avoid remarking the impolicy of the measures of the Stadtholder. The Provincial States of Holland are in reality his only adversaries. Utrecht is for him; Zealand is for him; Groningen is for him. In fact, there is not one of the States disposed to take part with the province of Holland. If the minority and the towns of these States are in opposition to him, he has the whole populace of the United Provinces.

It may be replied to this, that the States of Holland are the sovereigns; that they are the authors of peace and war; that they support the burthens of government at home and abroad. The observation is undoubtedly in a great degree true. But a man of wisdom, policy, and reach of mind, a man who possessed one atom of the ability of the illustrious ancestors of the House of Orange, could not possibly hesitate, with such powerful friends to back him, in the adoption of measures which could bring the controversy to an honourable conclusion.

A whole budget of news may be expected from the Continent by next mail; but when it will reach London, God knows!—A mail arrived, it is true, from France, on Sunday, and another yesterday; but what did they bring? Two Paris Gazettes;—and a Paris Gazette is nearly of as much importance in the line of amusement, or rational information, as a London one.

Our foreign politicians are perfectly au despoir from the non-arrival of the Dutch mails. What a pity it is that they should be forced to live a whole week without hearing anything fresh about the King of Prussia!!!

An English gentleman of distinction, who has spent some time at Berlin, gives the following picture of the new King of Prussia, in a letter to a friend in England, written while the King was Hereditary Prince—"Frederick William, Prince of Prussia, says he, has an agreeable appearance; he knows how to make himself affable and popular; and at the same time to command respect: He is by constitution rather phlegmatick, and naturally serious and reserved. With more penetration than you would discover in him at first sight, he seeks in silence for useful knowledge. His judgment is mas-

culine and upright; nor is he less disgusted with the tinsel brilliancy of false taste, than with the affectation of it. Simple in his manners, and above vanity, he holds in contempt the base flatterers by whom he, in common with all princes, is beset. He will be the happiness of his people, if he is served by his critical pretenders to virtue, who would abuse his natural goodness. Those who think he will make great changes when he comes to the crown, may be very much mistaken: Full of admiration of the genius of his uncle, he knows that in so connected and complex a system as that of the government of Prussia, a kingdom so surrounded by jealous neighbours, every alteration, to be beneficial, must be the result of long deliberation. He will do better than to begin his reign by overturning a system that has raised the power of Prussia to an astonishing and formidable height: He will follow the principles of his uncle, which at bottom are calculated to add to the happiness of his subjects, and to prepare them by degrees for the enjoyment of a greater share of liberty."

Dr Baldini, an Italian physician at Naples, has just published a very interesting work on the manner of suckling children. He recommends to all mothers not to deprive their infants of their natural food, their mother's milk; but he advises them by no means to have any perfumed powders or pomades about them. No scent whatever should be suffered near the child. He mentions an instance of the son of a Neapolitan nobleman, who had nearly lost his life by being placed too near a little basket of linen sprinkled with farsparcil water; and quotes the authority of Dr Triller, a German, who relates that a little girl died suddenly, in the act of sucking, by being in a room where there were in a pot some violets just gathered. The above-mentioned Baldini is of opinion, that when the mother cannot suckle her child, the milk of animals is preferable to that of another woman, or to any fictitious food whatever. Animals, says he, know better what is good for them than the generality of mankind. They are seldom mistaken in chusing their food. They rest and exercise themselves very moderately, and we see them enjoy almost constantly perfect health.

Mr Dundas's visit at Gordon Castle, from whence he was recalled by a King's messenger, turns out to have been a political errand, rather than a tour of pleasure.

On Wednesday Mr Longlands, a Scots Solicitor, waited upon Lord George Gordon in Welbeck-street, and delivered a letter from Charles Gordon, Esq; the Duke of Gordon's agent at Edinburgh, intimating to Lord George, that the Duke of Gordon now finds it expedient to have a new charter of his estate, that he may get access to those lordships and superiorities where the present possessors scruple and refuse taking the oaths prescribed by law; and that Lord George's concurrence will be necessary to the transaction, as he holds lordships and freeholds, in his own person, in the four northern counties, and is one of the gentlemen who refuse the oaths to government, and look upon the election oath, in the situation they stand, as a rank perjury. The following particulars of the tenure of Lord George Gordon, in the four northern counties, will elucidate the subject:

1. In Aberdeenshire, Lord George Gordon stands publicly infeft and sealed in the life-rent of all and whole the lands of Putachie, comprehending the mains, mill lands, and pertinents of the same, with the manor place of Putachie;—the half of the lands of the great town of Keig, otherwise called Auklerkeig, with the houses, biggings, yards, and pertinents of the same;—the lands of Glenworth, with the pertinents lying within the parish of Keig, rectory of St Andrew's, and sheriffdom of Aberdeen.

2. In Banffshire, Lord George Gordon stands publicly infeft and sealed in the life-rent of all and whole the lands of Grange of Stryla, therein comprehending the Davoch of Grange, and lands called Haughs, with the teinds, parsonage, and vicarage, and whole other parts, pendicles, and pertinents thereof, lying within the parish of Grange and the of Banff.

3. In Invernesshire, Lord George Gordon stands publicly infeft and sealed in the life-rent of all and whole the barony of Kincairdine, comprehending the particular towns, lands, and others of the same, viz, Ballamore, with the two yearly fairs belonging to the same; the lands of Belladun, Auchories, Pitverrie, Culenroie, Torgon, Easter Pitgaldist, Wester Pitgaldist, Croftmoir, Clafaghals, the mills and mill croft of Kincairdine, Knockrean, Drumchinn, Auchgourish, Legg Cluny, the salmon-fishing of Polmarick upon the water of Spey, the forests and woods of Glenmore, Linmore, and Riechen, and the saw-mill of Glenmore, with the teinds both parsonage and vicarage of the said lands, and whole parts, pendicles, and pertinents, all lying within the parish of Kincairdine and sheriffdom of Inverness.

4. In the shire of Elgin and Forres, commonly called the shire of Moray, Lord George Gordon stands publicly infeft and sealed in the life-rent of all and whole the town and lands of Caldecoats, Denkirly, St Andrews, Kirkhill, Gilmorides, and teinds, parsonage and vicarage, parts, pendicles, and pertinents of the same, all lying in the parish of St Andrews, barony of Kilmalemoich, and shire of Elgin and Forres.

Lord George Gordon having legal possession of these freeholds, in the very midst of the Highlands, gives him such influence in the four northern counties, (notwithstanding he cannot take the oath to government) that the Court candidates are almost certain of being defeated in all their future undertakings in that quarter. His Lordship holds these freeholds and lordships in the Highlands by virtue of a charter of resignation under the Great Seal, and four several dispositions and assignments granted to him for life; and four several instruments of feald likewise followed in the different counties, agreeable to the laws of feald and registry in Scotland. In these circumstances, the clan being divided; and the majority willing well to Lord George's politics, the Duke's interest is diminished.

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The chief gentlemen of the clan disapproving of his Grace's politics, the tenantry naturally concur. The lawyers, however, at the head of whom we may place Mr Dundas, have advised his Grace's agents, after throwing his estate and politics into confusion, to ask the favour of Lord George Gordon to give up his lordships and liferent rights of the whole lands and others above mentioned, in favour of the Duke of Gordon and his heirs, in the foresaid four several counties of Aberdeen, Banff, Elgin and Forres, and Inverness; and to deliver over those lands and superiorities to the Duke's family, and put them in possession of the premises in all time coming.

Friday, Mr Longlands waited upon Lord George Gordon again, to ask if his Lordship would consent and agree to dispose of his Lordship's personal rights and freeholds in the four northern counties, that the Duke of Gordon and his heirs might procure a new charter of the estate, and have access to the lordships in the possession of those who refuse the oaths to government. Lord George answered Mr Longlands, that though it was now near two years since his brother had shut his doors against him, he should be very happy to grant the Duke any request in his power, on a personal application from his Grace; but he would not treat at all with any agents or mediators connected with Mr Dundas and the Court party. Lord George added further, that if the Duke of Gordon would open his eyes and consult the honour of his family, stand by his clan, encourage his tenants, and be honest in public affairs, that he would not only support him himself, but also use his interest with Sir John Gordon of Park, General Benjamin Gordon of Balbithan, the Gordons of Abergeldy, Gordon of Craig, Gordon of Buthlaw, Captain Gordon of Pitruig, Gordon of Premnay, and their families and followers, to return again to Gordon Castle, and assist their Chief in all his undertakings.

One of the Irish prints, speaking of the death of one of the Right boys, who was shot in a skirmish with the army, has the following curious bull:—"The reason why the Coroner's Inquest on the body of David Kelly was held at Fermoy, was, though he was killed at Ballypooreen, he died at Fermoy."

A merchant in the city, after dinner, drank the health of a lady, who, he said he had trod for above twenty years: to which a gentleman present remarked, it was almost time he had buttered her!

There was a whisper on Saturday in the polite circles, of a Lady of fashion being missing.

Extract of a letter from Norwich, Sept. 17.

"Last night was determined the most violent contest ever remembered here. The poll opened on Friday morning at nine o'clock, and continued so, without interruption, till five o'clock in the evening, when the Sheriffs were obliged to close the books, on account of the riotous proceedings of the slaves-men. In this affair, several persons were wounded by stones and broken flaves being thrown about the market, but no lives are lost."

"Yesterday morning, at eleven o'clock, the poll recommenced; (the state being, for Mr Hobart 1432, for Sir Thomas Bevor 1378), and, at six o'clock, by consent of both parties, the books were finally closed. The declaration was not made till near nine, when the numbers appeared to be

For the Hon. Henry Hobart 1450
Sir Thomas Bevor, Bart. 1383

Majority 67

Upwards of 200 voters in the late election for Norwich were brought thither from London, at the enormous expence of 25 l. each. It is said one man was killed during the contest, and near fifty dangerously wounded by bludgeons made for the purpose with squared edges.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Sept. 17.

"Sailed the Dutch Commodore, with his squadron, for Holland. Remain at St Helen's the Hebe frigate, and several outward-bound ships."

Extract of a private letter from Deal, Monday morning.

"I have at length the happiness of acquainting you, that our friends are all safe; both the Solebay and Southampton having rode out the gale, which was indeed the most violent ever known. The ships which drove out of the Downs have not been heard of yet, neither are the vessels ascertained which were lost on the Godwin Sands."

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Sept. 19.

"A greater degree of anxiety, perhaps, never prevailed than at present, respecting the situation of affairs on the Continent, which are certainly every day becoming more and more critical. There are three mails due from Holland. Yesterday they were much expected, and our politicians were on tip-toe for news, but they are not yet arrived. When they do come, those most intelligent in the present state of things at the Hague, seriously look for an account of a civil war, with all its direful train of consequences. The Ministry are so sensibly affected by it, that messengers are kept in constant waiting, to bring them the earliest intelligence that may arrive on the subject."

"The Princess Amelia still continues past all hopes of a recovery, so much so, that the most capital dealers in black articles of wear, are buying up large quantities upon the idea of a general mourning. The Prince of Wales yesterday paid his aunt a visit, and came to town from Brighthelmston expre on the occasion."

"Our underwriters have appeared at Lloyd's, and other coffeehouses, where they usually transact business, for these several days past, with very long faces, on account of the high winds, and not without great reason, several of them having already become great sufferers, and many disagreeable accounts being every moment expected by others."

"Much contention has lately taken place, in the appointment of a Judge to succeed the late Mr Justice Nares of the Common Pleas, between the Minister and the Chancellor. The recommendation of

the latter, however, has at length prevailed in favour of Mr Wilson, a Barrister of the Court of King's Bench, and much esteemed for the soundness of his judgment, and his great good sense and knowledge of the law. It cannot, however, take place until term, as there must first be a call of Serjeants."

"The intention of calling Parliament together in November, still continues; and the *junco*, as it is called, are every other day at farthest, busily employed at Mr Dundas's house at Wimbledon, in arranging matters previous thereto. The returning Mr Hastings's business will certainly be the first great national subject taken in hand. As to the Commercial Treaty with France, the odds are rather against its being in a state for being considered by Parliament before Christmas, than that it is now nearly concluded on."

Sunday last, died at Fairholm, in the neighbourhood of Hamilton, Mrs Helen Forbes, wife of Edward Innes, confessor and baker in Edinburgh, much and justly regretted. It is hoped her friends and relations will accept of this notification of her death.

Mr John Irvine, Clerk of Chancery, died here the 19th inst.

Mr James Haig surgeon, Alloa, died there on Saturday the 16th current, much and justly regretted.

On the 15th of March, died in the island of Jamaica, Mr Allan M'Dougall, son of Craigenich.

Saturday last died at Glasgow, Mr David Fleming, late Lieutenant in the 83d [Glasgow] regiment.

John Tod shipbuilder in Leith, died yesterday in the 82d year of his age.

About the end of August last, one Roderick M'Kinnon, aged 97 years, was drowned at the fishing, betwixt the islands of Sky and Uist. It is remarkable, that in the year 1746, this same man fell over board, near the place where he ended his days, while he was piloting the Pretender, and, being with difficulty brought to life, and congratulated by his friends on his escape, he replied in Gaelic, "What signifies my life? I had rather that I and 10,000 more had died, if my Prince had gained his end." This same M'Kinnon is taken notice of by Voltaire.

Thursday Mr Robert Dewar, was chosen Deacon Conveener of the Trades.

Yesterday being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Coronation, the flag was displayed, and the great guns fired from the Castle, and the same was observed as a holiday at the banks and public offices.

On Wednesday came on at Berwick, the election of a member of Parliament for that borough, in the room of Lord Delaval. The candidates were, Sir Gilbert Elliot, Bart. and John Hiley Addington, Esq. At the final close of the poll on Thursday afternoon, the numbers were,

For Sir G. Elliot, 361
J. H. Addington, 316

Majority for Sir G. Elliot, 45

This morning, about ten o'clock, a fire was discovered in a carpenter's shop in the Old Post Office Close, but was happily soon got under without much damage. It was occasioned, as it is supposed, by the carelessness of the servants, in leaving their fires unextinguished when they went to breakfast. This piece of negligence, for which carpenters, in particular, are remarkable, deserves the severest reprehension, as the combustible matter with which their shops are furnished, mult, if the fire is allowed to get to any length, prove extremely dangerous to the whole neighbourhood in which such shops are situated.

A few weeks ago, was married at Innerkeithing, a man aged 87, to a woman of 73, being his fifth wife. It is worthy of remark, that he was the fourth husband to his fourth wife.

We have the following very melancholy account from Newcastle: As Mr Lunardi was intending to go off with his balloon on Tuesday, it by some accident rose sooner than was expected; a young gentleman of the name of Heron, who was holding the cord, and had twisted it round his arm, was carried up with it about three hundred yards high, and, suspended as he was, by one arm, displayed a most shocking spectacle, till his weight at last inverted the balloon; at length the cord broke, and Mr Heron fell into a garden about twenty yards from where he ascended, and exhibited a spectacle too shocking to describe. He died in about two hours. What made the scene more tragical, was the presence of the father, mother, and sister of the young gentleman. It is said Lunardi was much burnt, and has been seized with a fever.

The late heavy rains have increased the height of the rivers in the neighbourhood of Lancaster, to such an amazing rapidity, as to sweep down almost every thing in their courses; wood and corn came down in abundance, it being in the height of harvest there. A young man in attempting to cross the Lune in an open boat, was overtaken in the current; and unfortunately drowned.

The forwarding the mail from London to York, according to Mr Palmer's plan, by a mail-coach, is now finally settled; it is to be conveyed from Barnby-Moor to Doncaster by Mr Stanuall of the Red-Lion, and from Doncaster to Ferrybridge to York (two stages) by Mr Hartley of Tadcaster. The first coach will set off from London on Monday the 16th of October next.

A silver watch was found upon one of the Jattiesons. Upon tracing it, it was discovered that a person answering his description purchased it a few days ago near Alloa, and produced a ten pound Bank of England bill, which he was so ignorant as not to know the value of till he was informed. The person who sold the watch gave in part of the change, and Jamieson promised to call for the balance. It is supposed the bank bill was taken out of the mail.

Upon Monday night last, about eight o'clock at night, a servant maid having occasion to go to a shop in the Bridgegate, Glasgow, to buy a pound of lint, two men with aprons laid hold of her, and a third coming to their assistance, carried her down the lane

leading to the slaughter house, and robbed her of her pocket, which contained 11 shillings and sixpence, and two-pence halfpenny, with the pound of lint, and made off.

Yesterday the Circuit Court of Justiciary met at Jedburgh, when the following persons were to be tried, viz. Thomas Martin, John Clark, and John Brown, for horse-stealing, and — Brown, for robbing his master of a sum of money. — Winter is admitted king's evidence against Martin and Clark.

We hear from Carlisle, that John Scott, commonly called *Jedburgh Jack*, was committed to jail there last week, on suspicion of being concerned in breaking into a shop in that city.

The Juno, Captain Gavin, is safe arrived in the Downs from Oporto.

By a Gentleman arrived from Liverpool, we are favoured with an account of the extraordinary increase of the shipping in that place of late years, which is chiefly to be ascribed to the accommodation provided for the reception of vessels that come to that port. It is as follows:

STATE of LIVERPOOL in the Year 1565.

It appears by the town-books, folio 144, that there were then in Liverpool 138 householders and cottagers, and the number of barks and men as under, viz.

| Barks. | Tons. | Men. |
|--------|-------|------|
| 1 | 40 | 12 |
| 1 | 36 | 10 |
| 1 | 30 | 8 |
| 1 | 20 | 7 |
| 1 | 16 | 6 |
| 1 | 15 | 6 |
| 1 | 15 | 5 |
| 1 | 15 | 5 |
| 1 | 12 | 5 |
| 1 | 6 | 3 |
| 1 | 6 | 3 |
| 12 | 223 | 75 |

MODERN STATE of LIVERPOOL.

In the year 1782.

| Ships arrived. | Ships sailed. |
|----------------|---------------|
| Foreign, 1168 | Foreign, 1197 |
| Coasters, 1448 | Coasters, 922 |
| —2616 | —2119 |

In the year 1783.

| Foreign, 1371 | Foreign, 1377 |
|----------------|----------------|
| Coasters, 1453 | Coasters, 1161 |
| —2823 | —2538 |

In the year 1784.

| Foreign, 1379 | Foreign, 1493 |
|----------------|----------------|
| Coasters, 1386 | Coasters, 1238 |
| —2765 | —2731 |

The duties paid at the Custom-house in 1784 were 620,510 l. There were four millions bushels of salt exported, besides what went coastwise. Also 15,000 tons of coal were exported, and 15,500 tons sent coastwise.

The Old Church was the only church in Liverpool in the year 1704. And now, in 1786, there are about fifteen of different kinds.—The inhabitants are now computed at 50,000.

The public-spirited Magistrate who first proposed to have a wet dock at Liverpool, met with great opposition; and, after a violent struggle against the narrow prejudices of his fellow-citizens, in which he lost his popularity, he at last got it completed. Since that time, however, five have been built; and they are now busily employed in erecting two more; larger than any of the former. Those that are already finished can contain 600 ships with the greatest safety; and when the other two docks are completed, they will be able to contain 300 more.

The increase of the trade of Leith, and of consequence the number of shipping, is well known; and, from the flourishing state of this place, there is little doubt of its trade still becoming greater. From this cause, it has been found, that the harbour of Leith is incapable of holding the number of ships that would naturally resort to it; and that an enlargement and deepening of it has become absolutely necessary; otherwise, great part of the shipping may be obliged to go to another port, than which nothing could be more detrimental to the trade of this city. It is with much pleasure we are informed, that the Magistrates are at last determined to take this measure into their serious consideration, and to do something effectual for the accommodation of the shipping of this port. In so doing, they will not only increase that spirit for trade and shipping which at present prevails, but also insure a very great revenue to the city.

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Sept. 22.

"The Circuit Court of Justiciary was opened here on Tuesday the 19th current, by the Right Hon. Lords Justice Clerk and Braxfield, and David Aiken, alias Anderson, a prisoner in the tolbooth of Glasgow, should have been tried for the crime of horse-stealing; but on account of the absence of a necessary witness, the diet was deferred *pro loco et tempore*, and he was recommitted to prison."

"John Cox was accused of the crime of shop-breaking; but a defence was stated in bar of the trial, that he was naturally fatuous and an idiot; and this being proven, he was ordered to be imprisoned until sufficient caution should be found, under the penalty of 500 merks, for taking the custody of his person, and placing him under such confinement, as that he might not have it in his power to commit other crimes or outrages."

"Kennedy Murray was accused of theft, and having petitioned for banishment, the same was consented to; on account of his youth and some other favourable circumstances; and he was sentenced to transportation for fourteen years, and seven years service."

"Elizabeth Paul, alias Wilson, relict of John Ritchie labourer in Greenock, and David Barclay weaver in Leith, were accused of theft, or relict of theft from a bleachfield, and Elizabeth Paul was also charged with being habit and reputed a thief, and with having been formerly banished for the same crime. Some particular circumstances rendered it necessary to defer the diet against David Barclay *pro loco et tempore*; and he was recommitted to pri-

son: and the trial having gone on as to Elizabeth Paul, she was found guilty of the relict of the theft charged, of being habit and reputed a thief, and being formerly banished. She was sentenced to be hanged at Glasgow, upon the 25th October next."

"Daniel M'Kay, accused of stealing goods from a shop in Glasgow, of being habit and reputed a thief, and formerly punished for theft, confessed the charge against him, and was sentenced to transportation for life, with seven years service, with certification of his suffering death in case of his return."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Sept. 16.

"Letters from the coast advise, that the herring fishery was never more prosperous, nor the commodity better than at present. The shoals or skuls swarm on the North-west and Southern coasts, from the Mizenhead to the Rosses."

"The vessels are numerous, and they take so plentiful and easy, that a cargo can be got ready in a few hours. Herrings fresh out of the water, and still alive, are selling at the different fishing stations, at twelve, fourteen, and sixteen a penny—a prodigious relief to the poor, at this dear season of almost every necessary of life."

"We hear from Killibegs, that what is generally called the summer herring fishery, has commenced on that coast. We hope that the people in that part of the kingdom are properly prepared to avail themselves of this great national blessing."

Limerick, Sept. 11. This day, the Mayor convened the citizens of Limerick in the city court-house, when an address was voted to the Right Hon. Gen. Lord Luttrell.

Yesterday, about twelve o'clock, a number of White-boys went to the chapel in Clare, and rendered oaths to every person they met. The High Sheriff, Mr Vandeleur, of Rathhine, and a number of the neighbouring gentlemen, whose names we have not heard, were aware of the White-boys intentions, and had the army drawn up in readiness in the Barracks at Clare. The Sheriff and his party went to the White-boys, told them they had effected their business of swearing the people, and desired them to disperse. They retreated towards Ennis, and making a stand on the road, the Sheriff again intreated them to go peaceably home, when they grew riotous, threw stones, wounded the Sheriff, and struck Mr Vandeleur from his horse. The army was now marched out, and forming a line with the Sheriff and Magistrates, they fired, and we are credibly informed killed four, and wounded fourteen of the deluded rioters. In consequence of this intelligence, Lord Luttrell ordered a party of cavalry this morning to march to the assistance of the Magistrates of the county of Clare.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury. S I R,

THE following lines are addressed to your Five-shire correspondent:

NECESSITIES no law admit,
(This Truth the World will own),
You use Scarcity for Wit,
When Argument is flown."

Sept. 22. 1786. TAODUNENSIS.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.—Sept. 20: Three Sisters, Mitchell, from Chiefs Bay, with kelp; James and Margaret, Guthrie, from Arbroath, with grain.—21. Betty, Lamb, from London, with goods; Isabella, Duncan, from Warran, with grain; Betty and Bruce, Simpson, from B. Wick, with grain; Apollo, Landells, from Melmel, with logs, &c.—22. Lady Elizabeth, Gray, from Stockton, with cheese; Leith, Clouston, from Peterburgh, with goods; Mary, Reid, from Archangel, with tar and deals; and three sloops with coals.

SAILED.—Katharine and Isobel, Lyle, for Perth, with goods; James, Somerville, for Newcastle, with goods; Providence, Ross, for Newcastle, with goods; Friendship, Allan, for Whitby, with goods; Elizabeth, Muir, for Brignies, with goods; Windham, Dorch, for Lynn, with goods; Conantels of Kintore, Milne, for Aberdeen, with goods.

(For other shipping, see last page.)

JAMES RUDDIMAN,

HAT-MAKER FROM LONDON.

HAS lately begun business at PORTSOUTH, Edinburgh, where he makes and sells HATS of all sorts, good and cheap. Also, Turns, Dyes, and Dresses old Hats in the genteel taste.

J. RUDDIMAN returns his most grateful thanks to those who have already employed him, particularly the officers and soldiers of the 56th and 58th regiments of foot, for being latter to their respective regiments while in Edinburgh Castle.

Sale of Salt Works at Portfocation.

THE Copartnership which subsisted betwixt Dr F. Swedaur and Gavin Kempt late merchant in Leith, for carrying on a Salt Manufactory at Portfocation being dissolved, the Doctor, in conjunction with the Creditors of the said Gavin Kempt, have agreed to a sale of the said Works; and the same, with the whole materials, utensils, and goods belonging thereto, will be exposed to public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 16th of October 1786, at five o'clock afternoon.

These works have been lately erected at an expence of upwards of 2000 l. are situated about ten miles from Edinburgh, close to a convenient harbour, within two miles of coal, and are constructed upon a new and very advantageous plan for making salt of a superior quality. There is likewise a very large and commodious Storehouse, immediately adjoining to the Works, which will enable a purchaser to carry on business to a great extent, at a very moderate expence.

The Articles of roup and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Adair writer to the signet, or John Sommerville writer, who will inform as to particulars; and any persons who have claims on the said Works, will please to lodge the same immediately with the said John Sommerville.

THAT there will be SET in tack, after Whit Sunday next, for as many years as can be agreed on.

That well-frequented INN in Elgin,

some time possessed by the deceased Mrs George Simpson, and now by her daughters, (given up by them on account of her death) consisting of a large commodious dwelling-house of twenty rooms, a convenient kitchen, brew-house, coach-house, and a complete set of stables, barn, and hay-loft. Any person intending to rent the subjects, by applying to Patrick Duff, junior, Town-clerk of Elgin, will be fully informed as to particulars respecting the subjects, as well as the rent.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromness.
Sept. 5. Molly of and from Peterhead, Lowther, for Barcelona, with salt fish.
6. Peggie of Shiells, Taylor, from Memel, for Liverpool, wood. Three Brothers of Whitby, Combs, from Memel, ditto. Aid of ditto, Storm, from ditto, for Liverpool, ditto. Diligence of Aberdeen, Thomson, from Kirkwall, for Stornoway, in ballast.
Providence of London, Marshall, from Peterhead, for Swansea in Wales, with hemp and flax.
7. Pige of Philadelphia, Prichard, from Peterhead, for Boston, with hemp and flax.
8. Jean of and from Dantzick, Johnston, for Liverpool, with wood.

Remain in said Harbour.

Adventure of and from Banff, McCulloch, for the herring fishing.
Betty of and from Perth, Cairns, for the Lewes, ballast. Margaret of and from Forth, Scotland, from Esfale, flats. Lendel of Port-Glasgow, McKay, from Louth, for Leith, with kelp.
Providence of and from Leith, Wilson, from Esfale, flats. John and Mary of and from Limehills, Donalds, from Esfale, with ditto.
Hope of and from Leith, Barr, from Peterhead, with kelp. Jean and Janet of and from Greenock, —, from Riga, with hemp.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH, Sept. 20. Unity, Landie, from Dundee, with iron; Good Intent, Duncan, from Montrose, with oats; Nobel, Findlay, from ditto, with barley; Friendship, Balfour, from ditto, with malt and linens.—21. Good Intent, Doig, from ditto, with linens; Diligence, Galloway, from Alloa, for Glasgow, with oats; Jean, Ferrier, from Leith, for ditto, with sundries; Glasgow Packet, Hanton, from Dundee, for ditto, with ditto.—22. Paisley, Duncan, from London, with goods.
SAILED, Sept. 21. Experiment, Duncan, for Hull, with salt and wrought iron goods; Clyde, Wilson, for Memel, in ballast.

At BORROWSTOUNNESS for RIGA.

The Brigantine Diligence,

ROBERT LAWSON Master.

Sails the 27th September, weather permitting.

For freight or passage out, or home to this place, apply to Peter Lawson merchant, Borrowstounness.

Not to be repeated.

FOR LONDON.

The Lovely Mary,

WILLIAM BEATSON Master.

Lying in Leith harbour, taking in goods, and sails the 5th October.

The Master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse, at Change hours, mornings and evenings on board the ship, or at his house, foot of the shore, Leith.

The above ship has neat accommodation for passengers, and the best of usage may be depended on.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH.

THE STAR,

DONALD DENON Master.

Lying at Hoare's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, and will sail the 30th September current.

The ship has good accommodation for passengers.

The Master to be spoke with at the New England Coffeehouse.

AT ROTTERDAM—FOR BORROWSTOUNNESS.

The Brigantine Peggy,

JAMES MELVIN Master.

Is now taking in goods for Borrowstounness, Glasgow, Dunfermline, Alloa, and all places adjacent, and will sail the 24th October 1786.

The Master to be spoke with on Change.

FOR GRENADA.

THE NEW SHIP

TIVOLI.

JAMES MLEISH Master.

Will be ready to receive goods at Greenock, the 1st of next month, and clear to sail by the 1st of November.

She will have the very best accommodation for passengers, who may apply to John Campbell senior, in Glasgow, or the Master at Greenock.

A BLACKSMITH used to Horse-shoeing and other country work, willing to engage for a term of years to go abroad, and who is well recommended, will meet with good encouragement.

GLASGOW, Sept. 6. 1786.

Road to uphold, and Toll to be Let.

PERSONS willing to contract for Upholding in sufficient repair, for the space of two, four, or seven years, that part of the Post Road from London to this City, which is between the Clockmill Bridge and Magdalen Bridge, are desired to lodge proposals, on or before the 10th day of October next, with James Tait, city clerk depute of Edinburgh, who will inform as to the mode of repair. And on Wednesday the 11th day of that month, at one o'clock afternoon, there is to be let by public roup, for two years after Saturday the 24th day of said October, All and Hail the CUSTOMS or DUTIES on Loaded Horses, and on Carts, Waggon, and Sledges, laden or unladen, passing the said road to the city of Edinburgh.

The conditions of roup to be seen in the hands of the said James Tait.

BERWICKSHIRE.

WHEREAS Notice has already been given, That application is intended to be made, in the next session of Parliament, for a bill, in order to be passed into a law, to make, amend, and repair the Post Road between London and Edinburgh, from the liberties of Berwick-upon-Tweed, through the county of Berwick by Ayton bridge, and the new bridge over the Pease or Pais of Cockburn's path, to Dunglass bridge, on the confines of the county of East-Lothian; and which road passes through part of the united parishes of Mordington and Lamberton, and the parishes of Ayton, Coldingham, and Cockburn's path, all within the county of Berwick. It is also proposed by several Gentlemen and Farmers in the county of Berwick, to apply to Parliament for a clause or clauses to be inserted in the said turnpike bill, for powers to make branches of roads from the said Post Road, at or near Cockburn's path—Tower, by the way of Langlee, the lands of West Brochholes, the fourth banks of the water of Eye, by Auchincrow, to Billie Causeway; and also, from or near West Brochholes to Preston bridge; and which branches of road pass through the parishes of Cockburn's path, parishes of Oldhamstocks's parish, Coldingham, and the united parishes of Bunkle and Preston, all within the county of Berwick, and whereof this public notice is given, agreeable to the rules of the Right Honourable the House of Commons of Great Britain.

Forth and Clyde Navigation.

NOTICE, IN TERMS OF THE ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

A MEETING of the Company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, is to be held within the Goldsmith's Hall in Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 7th day of November next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to consider the present table of Tolls and Duties payable for goods passing upon the whole or any part of the Canal or collateral cut, and to make such alterations as shall be thought proper.

A General Quarterly Meeting of the Company is to be held in Edinburgh on the same day, when there will be taken into the consideration of the Meeting, two Draughts of a bill proposed to be brought into Parliament, for extending the Canal, and for altering, in part, the constitution of the Company.

Intended Application to Parliament.

WILLIAM SMITH, writer in Kelfo, clerk to the Trustees for putting in execution an act of Parliament, passed in the 6th year of his present Majesty's reign, entitled, "An act for repairing the road from the burgh of Lauderdale, in the shire of Berwick, to and through Kelfo, in the shire of Roxburgh, to the March burn," do hereby, in conformity to the directions of the said Trustees, and agreeably to the standing orders of the Right Honourable House of Commons of Great Britain, give notice to all concerned, That application is intended to be made to Parliament in the ensuing session thereof, for leave to bring in a bill, to enlarge the term and powers of the act of Parliament above mentioned, and otherwise to amend, repair, and make the said road, which runs through the parishes of Sproutoun, Kelfo, Makerloun, Smallholm, Earlsfoun, Melrose, and Lauderdale.

By order of the Trustees,

WILLIAM SMITH.

FARM IN FIFE.

TO be LET by public roup, upon a lease for fourteen years after Martinmas 1786, at Sauchopewood, on Friday the 6th day of October next, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

The LANDS of SAUCHOPEWOOD, KIRKLANDS, and LANGHOUSE-GREEN, consisting of about 63 acres, in the parish of Crail, and within a mile to the eastward of that burgh. These lands lie upon the sea side, are of a remarkable good soil, and have the advantage of sea-weeds coming ashore upon them in great quantities, which afford an excellent species of manure. There is a good dwelling-house with offices upon the grounds, which were built within these five years, and the whole lands are in fine order.

For particulars, apply to Mr Andrew Whyte, Town-clerk of Crail, or Alexander Gardner, at Exchequer.

Sale of the Distillery of Hattonburn,

AND LANDS NEAR KINROSS.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

UPON Thursday the 5th day of October 1786, betwixt the hours of twelve and one noon, will be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the house of Duncan Donaldson, vintner at Kinross Green.

The LANDS of HATTONBURN, and these parts of the LANDS of MIDDLETOWN and NETHERTOWN of Culenquhies, possessed by William Young distiller, the late proprietor, and lying in the parish of Orwell, and shire of Kinross. The lands hold of a subject-superior, for payment of a small feu-duty, and consist of about 150 acres, all lying contiguous; are agreeably situated in the Strath of Kinross, commanding a beautiful view of Loch Leven, and the surrounding hills; are within two English miles of the town of Kinross, and five or six of Strathmiglo, Auchtermuchty, and Falkland; are all arable, except a few acres of a fertile field, well watered, and in good order; and are capable of much higher cultivation, part of them having been only of late divided, and laid off contiguous to the rest, which greatly encreases the value of the whole. There is a good free-stone quarry upon the lands, which affords convenient supply of stones for enclosing, or for buildings of any sort. The great turnpike road betwixt North Queensferry and Perth passes on the west side of these lands; and the road to Cupar, St Andrew's, and the other towns of Fife upon the south, whereby the communication is easy.

The DISTILLERY at Hattonburn, with the whole Buildings and Utensils will be exposed along with the lands.—There is a good Mansion-house and Garden, with a very complete set of Offices for an extensive business, all erected only within these few years, in the most convenient and substantial manner, having sufficient supply of water, which, by means of pipes properly contrived, is with ease conveyed through all the works. The offices consist of two Malt-barns, one of them very large; with four Steeps, two Kilns, a Water-mill for grinding malt or meal, a Tun-house, &c.; also, Byres containing stalls for 140 cattle, and Stables.

The utensils consist of three large Stills, two Coppers, twenty Tons, and every other article necessary for a Distillery, which are in good order, being mostly new. This Distillery, thus completely furnished, and every way well calculated for business, either on a large or middling scale, will be a very convenient purchase. The extensive property in lands to be acquired along with it, and so commodiously situated, must also be a great inducement to a purchaser, as the lands may, by means of the Distillery, be further improved, and posited to great advantage. And for greater encouragement, the purchaser's entry may be immediately after the roup.

At the same time, will be exposed to roup—A TACK of the PARKS of BURLEIGH, lying adjacent to the premises, and held by the said William Young, of George Graham, Esq; of Kinross, of which there are three years to run from Martinmas next.—Also, a TACK of the WAULK-MILL of Burleigh, and lands belonging thereto, of which some years are likewise to run.

The whole of the said Lands with the Distillery and Utensils, and the tack of the parks of Burleigh, will be exposed in one lot; but failing offerers, the premises will be exposed separately, in the following lots:

Lot I. The DISTILLERY of Hattonburn, with the Utensils, and near forty acres of good arable land, lying contiguous.

Lot II. About Twenty-two ACRES of LAND, lying to the north of the first lot.

Lot III. The Lands called WELLBANK, consisting of about nine acres; upon which there is a good free-stone quarry.

Lot IV. The FIELDS, lying on the west and south of the village of Netherdown, consisting of about forty acres of rich bank-land; and about four acres of muir-ground, with the standing of houses in Netherdown, lately the property of Mrs Low.

Lot V. That part of the Lands of Netherdown commonly called GLASSONFOLD, consisting of about four acres.

Lot VI. That TOFT, or treading of houses and yards in Netherdown, lately the property of John Henderson.

Lot VII. That part of the HILL of Netherdown which formerly belonged to James Beveridge, consisting of about ten acres.

Lot VIII. That part of the said HILL of Netherdown, which formerly belonged to Mrs Low, consisting of about fifteen acres.

Lot IX. The TACK of the Parks of Burleigh.

Lot X. The TACK of the Waukmill of Burleigh, and Lands.

Michael Henderson of Turfhill, by Kinross, will inform as to other particulars, and will show the lands and Distillery; and the articles and conditions of sale may be seen in the hands of George Peat writer in Kinross, or George Wilson writer in Edinburgh, who will also show the progress of writs.

A Farm to Let.

THE FARM of SUMMERSIDE, which is all inclosed, and on which there is a handsome Dwelling-house, stables, byres, and other office houses, lying within four miles of Edinburgh, and one mile of Dalkeith.

Any person inclining to take the subjects, may apply to David Forbes, writer in Edinburgh.

A House and Area to Sell.

AS the HOUSE presently possessed by the Antiquarian Society, lying on the north side of the Cowgate of Edinburgh, is found improper for the purpose of their Museum, it is proposed to dispose of the same, with the Area thereto belonging, by public roup, on Friday the 29th September instant, in John's Coffeehouse, between the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon. The House consists of three stories, containing the following apartments, and conveniences, viz. In the ground floor a large kitchen, a servants hall adjoining, an ale cellar, a coal cellar, and a cellar fitted up with catacombs;—on the parlour floor, a lobby, a large parlour, three fire-rooms, and a room without a fire place;—on the second floor, five rooms with fire places;—on the third floor, the same number of fire rooms, with two large closets;—and in the upper or garret floor, which is neatly lathed and plastered, the same number of apartments.

On the west side of the house, a hen-house, middling-sized, and two little houses;—on the front of the Area, and on the line with the Cowgate, two handsome pavilions, for stable, coach-house, and hay-lofts. The Area is in length from north to south 228 feet, and in breadth fronting the Cowgate, 66 feet. There is a water-pipe in the house from the town's pipes, which runs into a large cistern of lead at the kitchen door. There is a carriage entry to the house by the Cowgate, and also a foot entry from the High Street, by the New Bank Close.

The premises are in good order, and may be seen every day, Sundays excepted, between eleven and two o'clock.

For particulars enquire at Mr George Cairncross writer, agent for the Society, or Mr Cummyng the Secretary, at the house, by whom it will be shown.

House, Garden, and Offices

AT LAURISTON—TO LET.

TO be LET for one or more years as can be agreed upon, and entered to immediately.

THE HOUSE, Garden, and Offices at Lauriston, which belonged to and were possessed by the late Rev. Mr Brown. The first floor thereof consists of a parlour, small room, pantry, kitchen, servants room, and scullery, with cellar fitted up with catacombs.—The second floor consists of a handsome drawing-room and bed-room, with a smaller bed-room and large closet off the drawing-room.—The third floor consists of three bed-rooms, two of which are large, and have each of them a light closet.—There is also two excellent garrets with fire places. The garden is neatly laid out, and stocked with remarkable fine wall-trees. The cellars and out-houses are very commodious, and some of them might be converted into a coach-house and stable, if necessary. The situation of the premises is very pleasant, and will be much improved by the new communications opening from the city to the suburbs on the fourth side thereof.

The house to be seen on the Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from twelve to two.

SALE OF A HOUSE,

Windmill-street, George's Square.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 15th day of November 1786, at six o'clock afternoon.

THAT Lodging or Dwelling-house, lately possessed by Mrs Tod and Miss Scott both deceased, being the second story of the earlier tenement in Windmill-street, built by Andrew Porteous and Robert Young. The house consists of a genteel dining-room and drawing-room, two good bed-rooms, a large kitchen, several closets, pannels, and other conveniences, and has two cellars in the bottom of the tenement.

The house is well lighted, elegantly finished, and perfectly free of smoke and vermin, and has a joint property with the other tenements in a large bleaching green with a pump well.

This house being now empty may be entered to at pleasure, and may be seen at any time by calling at the shop of Patrick Murray baker, opposite the Chapel of Ease, where the key lies. And any person intending to purchase may apply to James Kettle, writer in Edinburgh, in whose hands the title deeds and conditions of sale are. And those having claims on either of the deceased will please give in notes thereof to James Kettle, who will pay the same.

Upset-Price Reduced.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Perthshire,

Near to the Tay.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament House, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 22d November 1786, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The LANDS and ESTATE of BALTHAYOCK and OVER DURIE, all contiguous, (the remotest parts situated within six miles of Perth, and nigh to the Tay) either separately or jointly, as shall seem most agreeable to purchasers. If exposed separately:

LOT I. The Lands of BALTHAYOCK, within four measured miles of Perth, holding of a subject; proven free rent, including 90 hens at 6d. each, 9 chickens at 3d. 8 bolts of meal, and 6 bolts 1 shilling 2 pence bear at 12 s. per boll, is 391 l. 17 s. 6 d. 4-12ths.

At twenty years purchase, L. 7837 11 1 4-12ths
Planted wood on said estate, occupying about 700 acres, inventoried, and valued at

5957 7 9
L. 13,794 18 10 4-12ths

From which deduct 420 l. value of wood taken off this lot,

420 0 0
L. 13,374 18 10 4-12ths

But now reduced to and to be exposed at L. 12,000.

Printed copies of the inventory, measurement, and value of the whole wood, distinguishing every tree, will be got on applying to Mr Moir.

There is a good Mansion-house on Balthayock, fit to accommodate a large family, commanding a beautiful prospect of the Tay and adjacent country, with suitable offices, kitchen-garden, and two large orchards well stocked with fruit-trees, placed in a dry and healthy situation. The lands are inclosed and subdivided with hedge-rows of trees; and, exclusive of the wood, measure, by a late survey, 567 acres; the wood is in a very thriving state.

LOT II. The Lands of OVER DURIE, in the parish of Kilpinie; free proven rent, converting 15 bolts oat meal at 12 s. 72 hens at 5d. 72 chickens at 3d. is 96 l. 8 s. 1 d. 8-12ths, valued at twenty-five years purchase, the former upset-price was

L. 2410 3 5 8-12ths

but now reduced to, and to be exposed at L. 2200.

These lands measure 295 acres, hold of the Crown, are valued at 167 l. They have an interest in the muir of Durie, and, on a division, upwards of 120 acres of that muir will fall to them.

The whole property under sale, from the nature of the soil, local situation, and other circumstances, are capable of improvement, and the proprietor has right to the tithes.

The articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of Mr Alexander Ross, depute-clerk of Session. For further particulars apply to John Moir writer to the signet, who will give inspection of the title-deeds, surveys, plans, schemes of improvement, and valuations, tacks, &c.; and to Mr Patrick Miller, Town-clerk of Perth. The tenants will show the different farms.

A very valuable Property for Sale.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, at John Lorimer's in Dunbar, upon Wednesday the 27th day of September, at twelve o'clock noon, That LARGE POSSESSION, lately belonging to Mr Knox at Dunbar; the ground plan of which occupies a space of betwixt 300 and 400 feet, along the head of the harbour of Dunbar, and from 80 to 100 feet broad, consisting of a neat dwelling-house, two malt floors, each 100 feet long and 25 feet broad, and above, two flats of lofts each, which, being divided into 50 feet long, make eight lofts: Another malt floor, 80 by 24 feet, with two lofts above, each of which 80 feet by 24 broad; also another building, 75 feet long by 24, consisting of lofts, three large cellars, and sundry other conveniences: A large brewhouse, most commodiously fitted up with a lead-pipe from the town's reservoir; and pipes to the different cellars, steep, &c.: A large draw-well, with an arched reservoir; two malt-kilns, viz. for pale and porter malt; three large closets and a garden; also a herring-house, with every convenience for curing herrings, &c. and a good stable.

In short, considering the situation and other conveniences, it must be a very desirable purchase, either for a distillery, brewery, or maltery.

In case it shall be sold for a brewery, the brewing utensils, consisting of coppers, vats, large casks, coolers, &c. &c. are all still remaining in good order for sale.

For further particulars, enquire at the trustee for Messrs Knox's creditors at Haddington, or Mr John Tait, town-clerk of Dunbar.

N. B. At same time, there are also to be sold, Five Shares of the East Lothian and Merse Whaling Company.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Sale of Lands and Fishings

In the Counties of Nairn and Ross, TO be SOLD by public roup or auction, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 29th of November 1786, betwixt the hours of five and seven in the afternoon, the Two Remaining Lots or Parcels of the Estates which belonged to Sir Alexander Grant Baronet, viz.

LOT I. THE LANDS and TENEMENTS lying in and about the town of Nairn, with one half of the salmon-fishings on the water of Nairn, held of subject-superiors. These Lands are all out of lease; and the rents have not been raised for many years past. They are well supplied with peats from the moorlands of Nairn, and accommodated with a considerable extent of out pasture-ground of the community of Nairn. The old mansion-house, pigeon-house, and garden of Clava, with some tenements in the town of Nairn, are included in this parcel; and there are sundry boats for white or sea fishing, which pay teind-fish that are not rented. The free rent of this parcel, including the salmon-fishing, amounts to 232 l. 14 s. 10 d. 4-12ths Sterling.

LOT II. THE LANDS lying in and about the towns of Fortrose and Rosemarkie, situated along the bays of Fortrose and Avoch, holding few partly of the Magistrates of Fortrose, and partly of the heirs of Mr Ross of Cromarty. The free rent of these Fortrose Lands, computing 15 bolts 2 shillings bear at ten shillings per boll, amounts to 192 l. 7 s. 10 d. 4-12ths Sterling.

These two lots or parcels, which are to be reduced or subdivided into smaller lots, are to be exposed at reduced upset prices, which shall be specified in a future advertisement.

Persons intending to purchase may, in the mean time, apply, to Mr William Keith, accountant in Edinburgh, who has powers to sell by private bargain. Callaghan Grant writer to the signet, will show the title-deeds, or progress of writings, rentals, and articles of roup.

SALE OF PRESTONHALL.

TO be SOLD by auction within the Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, on Friday the 1st of December 1786, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon.

The LANDS and BARONY of PRESTONHALL, lying within the parish of Cranston and shire of Mid-Lothian, within 10 measured miles of Edinburgh, and in the neighbourhood of the great turnpike road leading from thence to Coldstream. This estate contains more than 720 English acres, all inclosed and subdivided with thriving hedges and stripes of planting; the inclosures are in general well watered. The greatest part of the lands has, for many years, been in the natural possession of the proprietor; and, having been long in pasture, they are now in very good heart. There is a valuable coal, level free, within the estate, with a servitude of limestone upon a neighbouring property, whereby the means of improvement are easily attained. There is full-grown timber upon the estate, to a considerable value, and upwards of 75 acres of young thriving wood. There is a large commodious mansion-house, and offices of every kind upon the premises, all in good repair, and sufficient to accommodate any family; and, in one of the offices there is a hot and cold bath, with a dressing-room adjoining; there are also two exceeding good pigeon-cotes, very well stocked. The gardens are extensive, and the fruit-walls in good bearing. The lowest yearly value of this estate, estimated by persons of skill and character, exceeds 800 l. Sterling, exclusive of the coal. The estate holds blench of the Crown; hands valued in the cess-books at 950 l. Scots, and the proprietor has right to the tithes.

The progress of writs, and conditions of sale, with a survey of the estate, and estimates of the annual value, are to be seen in the hands of Charles Gordon writer to the signet, at his house in St John's-street, Edinburgh. Any person intending to purchase, may apply for particulars to the said Charles Gordon, who has powers to conclude a private bargain before the roup.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

LANDS IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, (A. Ramsay's) Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th day of December 1786, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

The LANDS of ORCHARDHEAD, lying in the parish of Bothkenhar, and county of Stirling; the rent, after conversion of victual, including a small feu-duty, and deducting public burdens, is 253 l. 17 s. 11 d. 2-12ths Sterling holding of the Crown; and, being valued at 422 l. 19 s. 2 d. Scots in the cess-books, afford a freehold qualification.

The situation of the estate is eligible, and may be very profitable to the purchaser, as it is within four miles of Falkirk, in the neighbourhood of Carron-shore and the Carron-works, having the Forth to the north and east, and the Great Canal to the south. It commands a delightful prospect of the adjacent country, and of the shore and towns on the opposite coast.

The soil is allowed to be amongst the best in the Carle of Falkirk. The grounds along the Forth are well fenced by a dyke, built at a considerable expence some years since; which, on trial, is found to answer the intention.

There is a mansion-house of thirteen rooms, besides kitchen, closets, and other conveniences, office-houses, garden, and an excellent orchard.

The lands are free of any thirlage, and the tenants pay the land-tax, over and above their rents. The largest farm on the estate, which was let in 1757, will rise considerably in the rent, in a few years, when the lease expires.

A purchaser may be immediately infest by having the unexecuted precept in a Crown Charter assigned to him.

The house and grounds will be shown by Mungo Johnston, gardener, at Orchardhead.

For further particulars apply to Mr Higgins at Newk, near Airth, or to Anthony Barclay writer to the signet, at Edinburgh, who will show the title-deeds and conditions of sale; and to either of whom, such as incline to purchase by private bargain before the day of sale, may give in proposals.